Harvard School of Engineering and Applied Sciences - CS 152: Programming Languages

Type Inference; Parametric Polymorphism; Records and Subtyping Section and Practice Problems

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1 Type Inference

- (a) Recall the constraint-based typing judgment $\Gamma \vdash e: \tau \triangleright C$. Give inference rules for products and sums. That is, for the following expressions.
 - (e_1, e_2)
 - #1 e
 - #2 e
 - $\operatorname{inl}_{\tau_1+\tau_2} e$
 - $\operatorname{inr}_{\tau_1+\tau_2} e$
 - case e_1 of $e_2 \mid e_3$
- (b) Determine a set of constraints *C* and type τ such that

 $\vdash \ \lambda x : A. \ \lambda y : B. \ (\#1 \ y) + (x \ (\#2 \ y)) + (x \ 2) \ : \tau \triangleright C$

and give the derivation for it.

(c) Recall the unification algorithm from Lecture 14. What is the result of unify(C) for the set of constraints *C* from Question 1(b) above?

2 Parametric polymorphism

- (a) For each of the following System F expressions, is the expression well-typed, and if so, what type does it have? (If you are unsure, try to construct a typing derivation. Make sure you understand the typing rules.)
 - $\Lambda A. \lambda x : A \rightarrow \text{int.} 42$
 - $\lambda y: \forall X. X \to X. (y [int]) 17$
 - $\Lambda Y. \Lambda Z. \lambda f: Y \to Z. \lambda a: Y. f a$
 - $\Lambda A. \Lambda B. \Lambda C. \lambda f: A \to B \to C. \lambda b: B. \lambda a: A. f a b$
- (b) For each of the following types, write an expression with that type.
 - $\forall X. X \to (X \to X)$
 - $(\forall C. \forall D. C \to D) \to (\forall E. \text{int} \to E)$
 - $\forall X. X \to (\forall Y. Y \to X)$

3 Records and Subtyping

- (a) Assume that we have a language with references and records.
 - (i) Write an expression with type

{ *cell* : int ref, *inc* : unit
$$\rightarrow$$
 int }

such that invoking the function in the field *inc* will increment the contents of the reference in the field *cell*.

- (ii) Assuming that the variable y is bound to the expression you wrote for part (i) above, write an expression that increments the contents of the cell twice.
- (b) The following expression is well-typed (with type **int**). Show its typing derivation. (Note: you will need to use the subsumption rule.)

 $(\lambda x: \{ dogs: int, cats: int \}$. $x.dogs + x.cats) \{ dogs = 2, cats = 7, mice = 19 \}$